# Unintentional Poisonings: From Data to Action

#### Joint Legislative Health Care Oversight Committee

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Chronic Disease and Injury Section Division of Public Health Sept 7, 2010





### Leading Causes of N.C. Resident Deaths and Years of Life Lost (2008)

Cause of Death	Total Deaths	Average Years of Life Lost *	Total Years of Life Lost *
Diseases of Heart	17,417	2.75	47,904
Cancer	17,403	3.41	59,405
Injury †	6,275	20.26	127,184
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases (Asthma, COPD)	4,527	1.41	6,396
Stroke	4,477	1.97	8,830
Alzheimer's disease	2,620	0.08	204
Diabetes Mellitus	2,164	3.44	7,435
Hypertension	757	2.24	1,692
Atherosclerosis	177	0.59	104
Total Deaths (all causes)	77,057	5.14	396,368
Chronic Disease Deaths	52,219	2.75	143,545

<sup>\*</sup> Based on deaths that occurred prior to age 65

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> See slide 39 for detailed breakdown of injury deaths and years of life lost

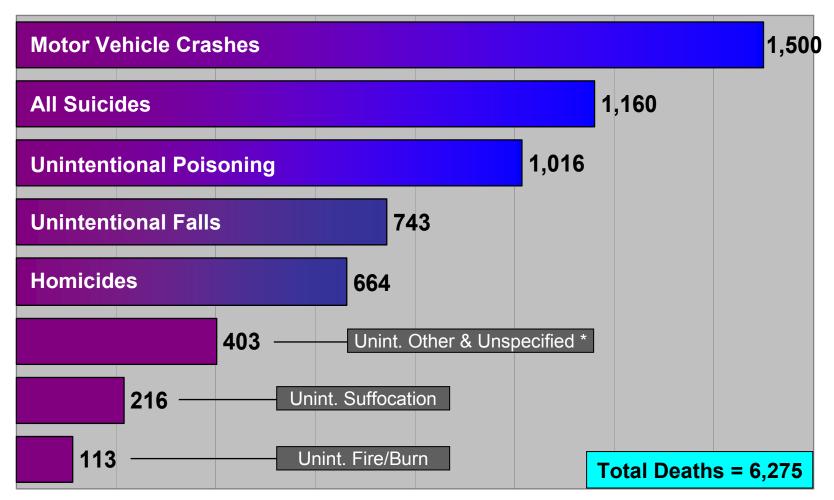
# Deaths from Injury and Violence are Only the Tip of the Iceberg



<sup>\* 2008</sup> death file, hospitalization discharge and NC DETECT (Emergency Department visits)

#### Leading Causes of Injury Deaths

(by Number of Deaths, All Ages, North Carolina Residents: 2008)



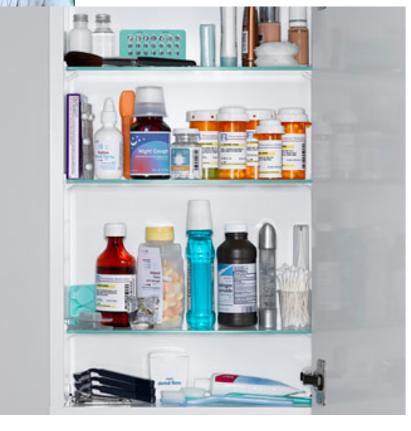
<sup>\*</sup> Unintentional Other and Unintentional Unspecified are two separate categories. Other comprises several smaller defined causes of death, while Unspecified refers to unintentional deaths that were not categorized due to coding challenges.

Source: NC State Center for Health Statistics, Death file 2008; Analysis by Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit

#### **Unintentional Poisoning**





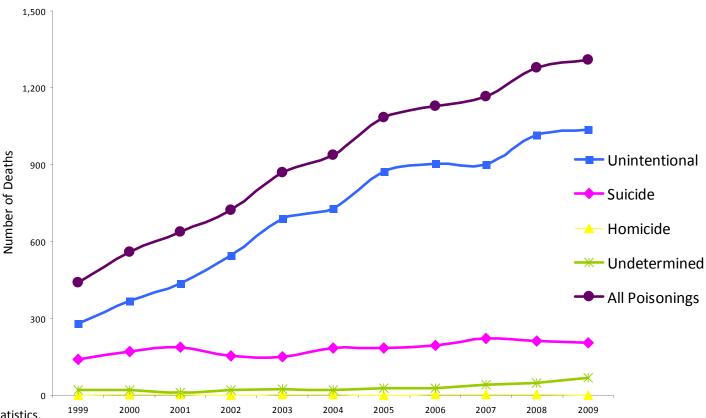






#### **Poisoning Deaths: N.C., 1999-2009\***

•In 1999, the number of unintentional poisoning deaths was 279; in 2009, the number of deaths had increased to 1,036.



Year

\*Provisional data.

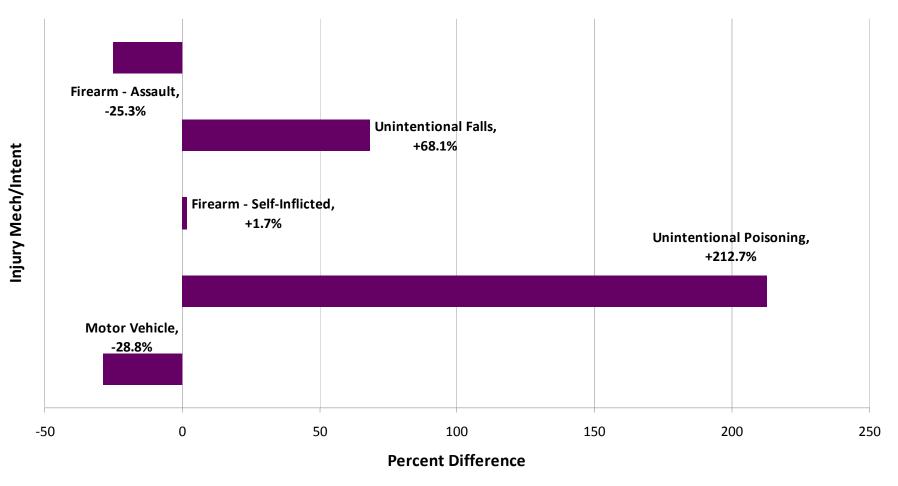
Source: N.C. State Center for Health Statistics, Vital Statistics-Deaths, 1999-2009 Analysis by the Injury Epidemiology and

Surveillance Unit





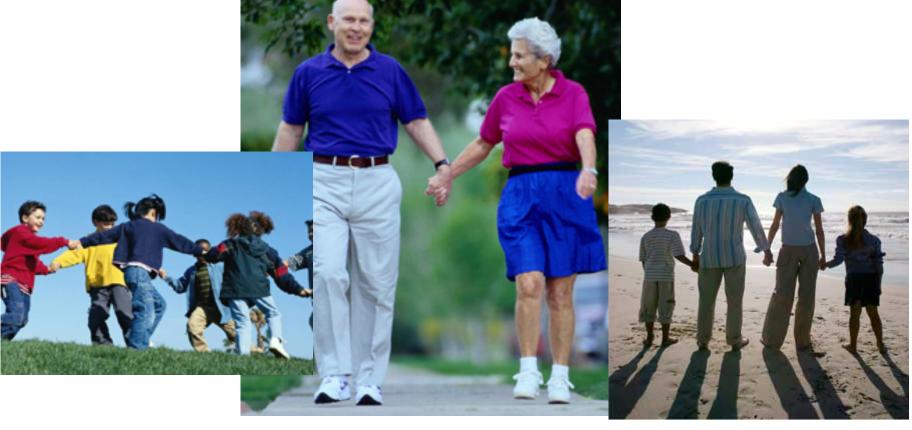
#### Percent Change in Rates Between 1999 and 2009 Leading Causes of Injury Deaths: N.C. 1999 to 2009\*



\*Provisional data.

Source: N.C. State Center for Health Statistics, Vital Statistics-Deaths, 1999-2009
Analysis by Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit

### From Data to Action



### Living lives to their full potential





### From Data to Action

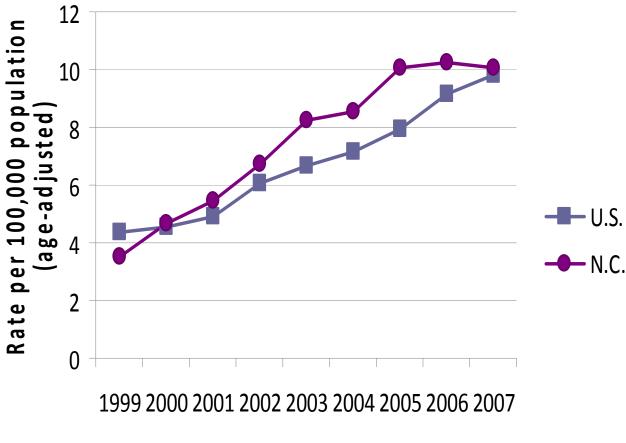
Basic Demographics, 2008
Male- 66%
White- 88%
Age group 35 to 54- 58%





## Rates of Deaths Due to Unintentional Poisonings: N.C. and the United States, 1999-2007

•Rates of deaths due to unintentional poisonings are increasing in both the United States and N.C. In 2007, N.C. had a unintentional poisoning rate that was approximately 3% higher than the U.S.



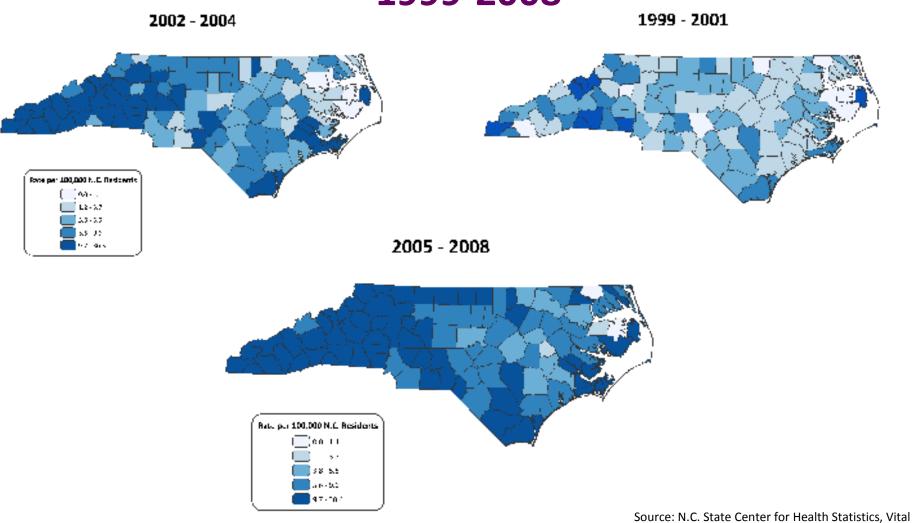
Year

Source: CDCWISQARS-2006

Analysis by the Injury Epidemiology and

Surveillance Unit

# Unintentional Poisoning Deaths by County: N.C., 1999-2008

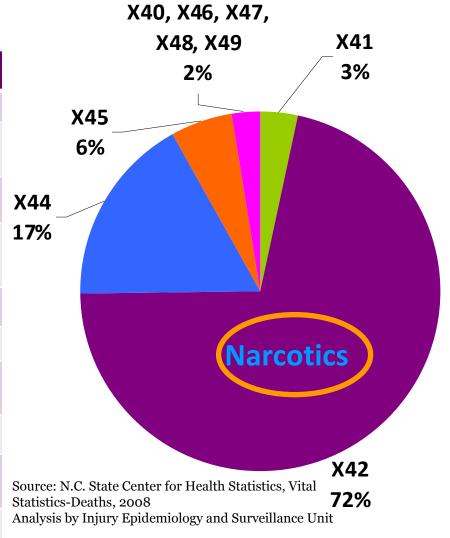


Statistics-Deaths, 1999-2008

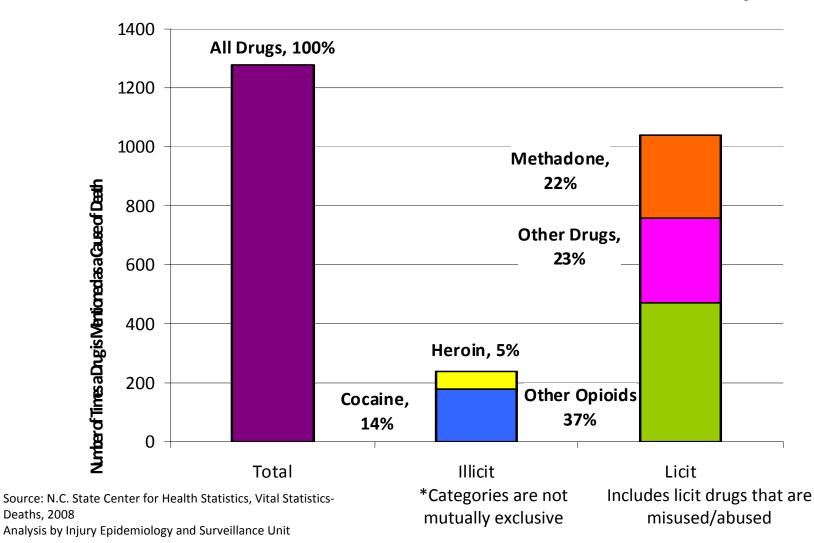
Analysis by Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit

### Primary Cause of Death Due to Unintentional Poisonings: N.C., 2008

Substance	X-Code	Number
Non-opioid analgesics	X40	7
Anti-epileptic and sedative- hypnotics	X41	33
Narcotics and hallucinogens	X42	726
Drugs acting on the autonomic nervous system	X43	0
Other /unspecified drugs	X44	175
Alcohol	X45	57
Organic solvents	X46	2
Other gases	X47	9
Pesticides	X48	1
Other/unspecified chemicals	X49	6



### Number of Times in which a Drug was Mentioned as a Cause of Death: N.C., 2008



Deaths, 2008

# Hospital Discharge<sup>a</sup>, Emergency Department Visits<sup>b</sup>, and Carolinas Poison Center Calls<sup>c</sup> Due to Unintentional Poisonings: N.C., 2007

**Hospital** 

**Discharges** 

•Hospital discharges, emergency department (ED) visits, and calls to the Carolinas Poison Center (CPC) are far more common than deaths due to unintentional poisonings.

Number Rate Number Rate Rate Number Gender: Male: 1,618 36.5 4,105 92.7 31,442 710.1 99.1 690.0 Female: 1.827 39.4 4,591 31,970 3.445 38.0 8.696 96.0 63.412 699.8 Total: **Age Group** (Years) 00-04 149 23.4 1.823 285.9 37.059 5,811.7 05-09 294 22 48.1 5,075 795.9 3.5 203 10-14 19 34.2 2,131 359.0 15-19 118 19.0 594 95.8 1,627 262.4 20-24 26.7 598 98.0 311.4 163 1.900 25-34 356 1,091 89.5 3,520 288.7 29.2 256.5 35-44 584 43.5 1,232 91.9 3,441 45-54 55.7 1.181 90.8 225.2 2.929 725 51.5 733 232.1 55-64 527 71.6 2,375 65-74 399 67.4 466 78.7 1,598 270.0 75-84 278 75.4 331 89.7 1,117 302.8 85+ 105 73.6 150 105.2 525 368.1 Total: 3,445 37.9 8,696 96.0 63,297 696.5

**Emergency Dept.** 

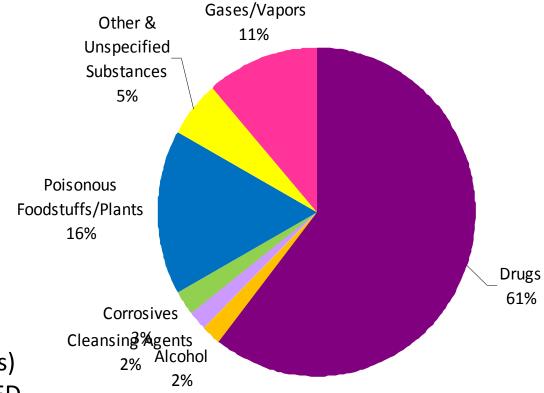
Visits

**Carolinas Poison** 

**Center Calls** 

aSource: N.C. State Center for Health Statistics, Vital Statistics-Deaths 2007 bNC DETECT-ED-2007 Analysis by the Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit cCPC 2007 Analysis by CPC

# Causes of Unintentional Poisoning, NC DETECT: January – June, 2010\* (ED Visits = 6, 828)



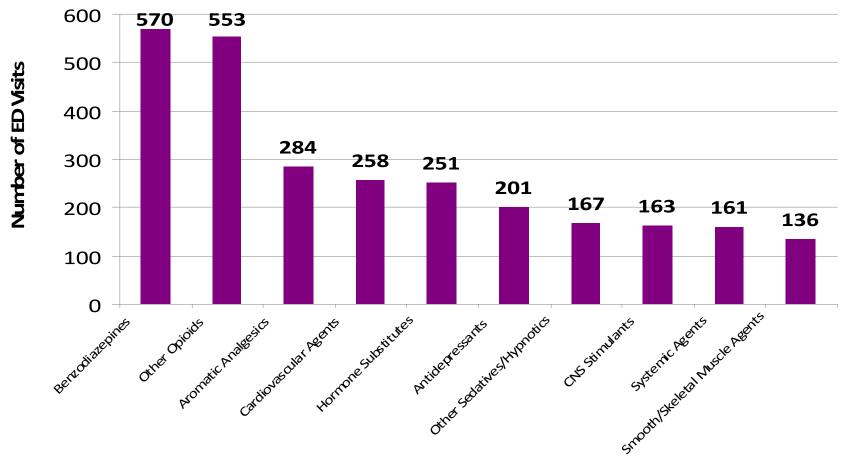
•Drugs (over-the-counter, prescription, and illicit drugs) were mentioned in 61% of ED visits due to unintentional poisonings.

Source: NC DETECT, 2009

Analysis by Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit

<sup>\*</sup>Provisional data: final diagnoses may take up to three months.

## The Ten Most Frequently Cited Drugs in ED Visits Due to Unintentional Poisonings, NC DETECT: 2010\*



**Drug Type** 

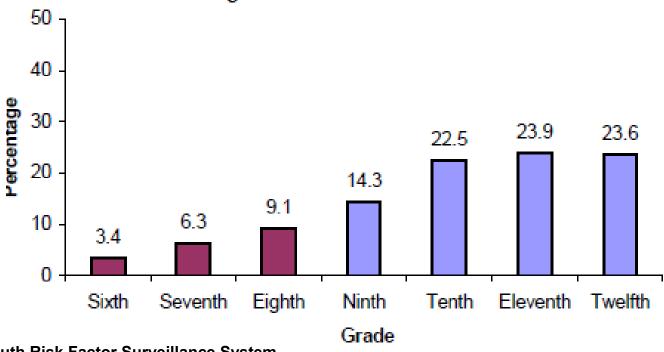
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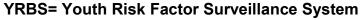
Source: NC DETECT, 2009

Analysis by Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit

### From Data to Action- YRBS

Percentage of N.C. middle\* and high school students who have taken a prescription drug such as OxyContin, Percocet or Demerol without a doctor's prescription, by grade level: N.C. YRB\$ 2009









#### **Unintentional Poisonings**



<sup>\* 2008</sup> death file, 2007 hospitalization discharge and NC DETECT (Emergency Department visits)